

# Leaving no one behind in the HIV response in 2020-21



The Joint Programme's advocacy contributed to the repeal of laws criminalizing unintentional transmission of HIV in **MOZAMBIQUE AND ZIMBABWE**; decriminalization of consensual same-sex conduct in **ANGOLA AND BHUTAN**; a new law protecting the rights of people living with HIV in **CHAD**; and a new strategy for mainstreaming HIV and human rights in the legal and regulatory framework in **SUDAN**

The UN-led prisons programme provided access to HIV and health services to 80 000 inmates in **ALGERIA, EGYPT, JORDAN, LEBANON, LIBYA, MOROCCO, SUDAN AND TUNISIA**. In Egypt, the first harm reduction programmes with opioid agonist therapy and clean needle and syringe was launched.

## Advocacy for political commitments and accountability

## Empowerment of communities in decision-making, community-led response and monitoring

The Joint Programme supported community-led programmes for refugees and host communities in **DZALEKA, MALAWI**, enabling over 4400 people to receive HIV testing and counselling. Over 1000 youth received orientation on sexual and reproductive health and rights and youth-friendly health services. A trained youth network mentored young people on HIV and gender-based violence.

The Joint Programme supported **OVER 50 COUNTRIES** in promoting HIV-sensitive social protection and increasing social protection coverage.

## Policy guidance for programmes for people most in need and to end inequalities

In the **ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF IRAN**, nearly 52 000 people who inject drugs, 38 800 men and women at high-risk, 800 transgender persons, and 320 000 prisoners were able to know their HIV status through initiatives supported by the Joint Programme.

## Strategic information to make people left behind more visible and track progress and gaps

Social protection assessments were conducted in 12 **WEST AND CENTRAL AFRICA** countries and HIV-sensitive social protection programmes mapped in 15 **EASTERN AND SOUTHERN AFRICAN** countries

In **ARGENTINA**, the Joint Programme actively advocated for transgender children and adolescents' rights and supported four municipalities to conduct a situation analysis to identify and address their needs.

## Technical support for differentiated service delivery and innovations

In **KYRGYZSTAN**, the Street Lawyers initiative expanded access to legal services among vulnerable and key populations, with the documentation of 817 human rights violation cases filed by people living with HIV, infected by TB and/or from key populations.

## Leverage and guide investments for impact through effective partnerships

In **INDONESIA**, about 70 100 female sex workers were sensitized on HIV prevention, 55% of whom agreed to get tested for HIV. A partnership with the national network of sex workers was established to strengthen HIV programming among female sex workers through a community-led approach.

