OVERCOMING BARRIERS
IN THE HIV RESPONSE

UNAIDS results in 2022

34 countries take action under the Global Partnership to eliminate HIV-related stigma & discrimination, and committed to catalyse progress in this area.

60 countries supported to remove or amend punitive and discriminatory laws and policies and/or to develop protective ones affecting the HIV response.

88 countries improved their policies and/or strategies on combination HIV prevention for key populations and other populations at risk of HIV.

PEOPLE WHO USE DRUGS

Sensitized lawmakers and law enforcement officials and advocated for greater access for people who use drugs to HIV services and for alternatives to imprisonment.

PEOPLE IN HUMANITARIAN SETTINGS

Sustained HIV services for internally displaced and refugee populations (e.g. Ukraine, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Mozambique, Pakistan) and improved access to broader health, nutrition, gender-based violence and legal services for vulnerable people including people living with or at risk of HIV in humanitarian settings.

42 countries implemented interventions/services for key populations in humanitarian settings.

WOMEN AND GIRLS

41 countries with stronger expertise and capacity to further integrate gender equality into the national HIV response, and meaningfully engage women in all their diversity.

PEOPLE IN PRISONS

Expanded access to comprehensive health-care services to people in prisons in Egypt, Morocco, the Sudan and Tunisia following an assessment of the needs of people in closed settings, procurement of medical equipment and medicines, and training of healthcare providers.

PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES

Over 30 countries supported to increase engagement of people living with disabilities.

Multilingual guidance disseminated to 23 countries in the West and central Africa region to support people living with disabilities to access integrated sexual and reproductive health services.

TRANSGENDER PEOPLE

Supported governments and community-based organizations to deliver comprehensive health services for transgender people.

42 countries implemented interventions/services for key populations in humanitarian settings.